

GGA Year 6 History Knowledge Organiser – Local Study

Timeline

Late 9 th Century	Bedford is believed to come from the name of a Saxon chief called Beda and a ford crossing the River Great Ouse.
1865	Goldington School is built.
1916	Cardington Hangars are built. Tragic accident happened in 1930 when airship R101 crashed in France flying from one of the hangers.
1934	Boundary of Bedford is extended to include Goldington.
1939 - 1945	Corn Exchange is home to many musicians. Glenn Miller plays here.
1948	First May Festival takes place at Goldington School.
1951	Goldington Power Station begins construction. Closed in 1983 and is then demolished.
1992	Goldington Green Lower School re-starts May Festival on Goldington Green.

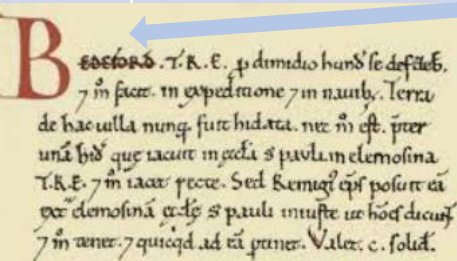
Bedford is mentioned in the Domesday Book

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Key People

John Bunyan
1628-1688



Writer born in Elstow. Wrote Pilgrim's Progress in 1660 whilst in Bedford Prison. He was imprisoned for continuing to preach about being a Puritan despite it being outlawed by the Monarch at the time Charles I. There is a statue of him in Bedford and a museum.

Historical Vocabulary

Primary source First-hand account of an event or time-period in History

Secondary source Evidence created later about an event from someone who did not experience it first-hand

KS1: chronological order, evidence, source, research, recognise

KS2: compare, contrast, cause, effect, connection, explain, evaluate, analyse, understand

Key Vocabulary

local locality	existing in or belonging to the area where you live
Bedford	town in South East central England; county town of Bedfordshire
Puritan	16 th and 17 th C Protestant group who opposed customs of the Church of England
community	a group of people living in the same place or having particular characteristics in common
heritage	the background where someone comes from
landmark	an object or feature of a landscape or town that is easily seen and recognised from a distance

Did you know . . .
the Anglo-Saxon King Offa of Mercia is thought to have been buried in the town in 796?

Why are we learning this?

So we know how Bedford and our local area has changed over time.

Why is it important?

So we can recognise these changes and understand why they happened.